a) R₁ represents a group of the formula IIa, IIb, IIe,

R₂ represents hydrogen,

R₃ represents hydrogen,

R₄ represents lower alkyl,

R₅ represents hydrogen or lower alkyl,

or R₃ and R₄ together form a group - (CH₂)_u- or

b) wherein R₁ and R₂ together represent a group of

the formula III,

R₃ represents hydrogen,

R₄ represents lower alkyl,

R₅ represents lower alkyl and

R₆ is as defined in Claim 1.

3. A compound as claimed in Claim & wherein Rose represents a group of formula IIIa as defined in Claim £.

4. A compound as claimed in Claim 1 wherein R₁ represents a group of formula IIa, as defined in Claim 1.

15

5. A compound as claimed in Claim χ wherein the double bond between the group R_6 and the nitrogen atom 20 is in the trans configuration.

6: A compound as claimed in Claim 1 wherein R₁₁ represents alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl cycloalkylalkyl, phenyl or phenalkyl.

7. A compound of formula I wherein R₆ represents a group of formula IIIa wherein R₁₁ represents alkyl preferably C₂-C₈alkyl more preferably C₂-C₆alkyl most preferably C₂-C₄alkyl for example n- or in particular 5 t-butyl.

8. A compound of formula I wherein R_6 represents a group of formula IIIa wherein R_{11} represents α -hydroxy substituted alkyl; alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl, phenyl, phenalkyl or thienyl.

N-Methyl-N-(1-naphthylmethyl)-non-2(trans)-

N-Methyl-N-(1-naphthylmethyl)-6,6-dimethylhept-2(trans)-en-4-ynyl-1-amine

15 form of its hydrochloride.

an effective amount of a compound as claimed in claim or a chemotherapeutically acceptable acid addition salt thereof in admixture with a chemotherapeutically 20 acceptable diluent or carrier.

7 .A method of treating diseases or infections caused by mycetes which comprises administering to a subject in need of treatment an effective amount of a compound as claimed in claim of a chemotherapeutically 25 acceptable acid addition salt thereof.

51

- Jest

B

a

of formula I as defined in Claim 1 which comprises

a) when R₆ represents a group of formula IIIa, as defined above, (compound Ia), reacting a compound of formula IV,

$$R_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} R_{1} \\ C - NH - R_{4} \\ R_{3} \end{pmatrix}$$

wherein R₁ to R₄ are as defined above, with a compound of formula V,

$$h - CH = CH - R_6'$$

wherein A is a leaving group, R₅ is as defined above, and R'₆ stands for a group of formula IIIa, as defined above, or

10 b) when R_6 represents a group of formula IIIa, wherein R_{11} represents α -hydroxyalkyl (compounds Ib), reacting a metalated compound of formula Ic,

$$R_2 - \frac{R_1}{C} - \frac{R_4}{N} - \frac{R_5}{CH} - CH - CH = CH - C \equiv CH$$
 Ic

wherein R_1 to R_5 are as defined above, with a carbonyl compound of formula VII,

VII

wherein R₁₅, R₁₆ and R₁₇ represent independently hydrogen or lower alkyl, or

is in trans configuration (compounds Id) reducing a compound of formula VIII.

$$R_{2} = \begin{bmatrix} R_{1} & R_{4} \\ R_{2} & C & N \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} R_{5} \\ CH & C & C \end{bmatrix} = C - R_{6}$$
 VIII

wherein R_1 to R_6 are as defined above, with diisobutylaluminiumhydride, or

10 d) when R₆ represents a group of IIIb or IIIc as defined above or a group of formula IIId,

$$-c = c - c = c - R_{16}$$

$$R_{17}$$
IIId

wherein R_{15} , R_{16} and R_{17} are as defined above (compounds Ie) splitting off water from a compound of formula

$$R_2 - C - N - CH - CH - R_6''$$

wherein R₁ to R₅ are as defined above,
and R₆" represents a group of formula IIIe, IIIf,
or IIIq,

wherein R₁₁ to R₁₇ and Z are as defined above, or

e) when R_3 represents hydrogen or lower alkyl and R_4 represents C_{1-6} alkyl or C_{3-6} eycloalkyl- (C_{1-6}) -alkyl (compounds Ig), introducing the group R_4 into a compound of formula IX,

$$R_{2} - C - NH - CH - CH - R_{6}$$

$$R_{1}$$

wherein R_1 , R_2 , R_5 and R_6 are as defined above,

 R_3' represents hydrogen or lower alkyl, and R_4' represents C_{1-6} alkyl or C_{3-6} cycloalkyl-

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and Tula

. 10